



46 rue de la Ferté Gaucher, 77169 Boissy-le-Châtel. Wednesday - Sunday 12pm-6pm and by appointment +33(0)1 64 20 39 50 | www.galleriacontinua.com

## MICHELANGELO PISTOLETTO

A GREAT EXHIBITION IN ALL OF GALLERIA CONTINUA'S 8 LOCATIONS

SAN GIMIGNANO - I QUADRI SPECCHIANTI

HABANA - AMAR LAS DIFERENCIAS

LES MOULINS - 60 ANS D'IDENTITÉS ET D'ALTÉRITÉS

ROMA - COLOR AND LIGHT

PARIGI - SEGNO ARTE

SAN PAOLO - IL CASO

BEIJING - QR CODE POSSESSION

DUBAI - IL TEMPO DEL GIUDIZIO

## LES MOULINS 60 ANS D'IDENTITÉS ET D'ALTÉRITÉS

03/06/2023 - 14/08/2023

its spaces in Les Moulins 60 ans d'identités d'alterités, a new exhibition by Michelangelo Pistoletto. This solo show is the third stage of a major project that will cross the world, involving the eight Galleria Continua locations, each of which will host an exhibition by the artist throughout the whole of 2023, the year of the Maestro's 90th birthday. It is an intercontinental project, aimed at highlighting Pistoletto's art in all its forms, from its genesis to today. It will be the story of a journey through the ages: the highlights of his career and the long collaboration with the gallery. Galleria Continua celebrates him as one of the most important exponents of Arte Povera and of contemporary art with a succession of personal exhibitions on a worldwide scale: from 27 May at Galleria Continua / San Gimignano; from 27 May at

Galleria Continua is pleased to present in Galleria Continua / Cuba; from 3 June at its spaces in Les Moulins 60 ans d'identités Galleria Continua / Les Moulins; from 22 et d'alterités, a new exhibition by June at Galleria Continua / Rome; from 23 Michelangelo Pistoletto. This solo show June at Galleria Continua / Paris; from 28 is the third stage of a major project October at Galleria Continua / São Paulo; that will cross the world, involving the from 15 November at Galleria Continua / eight Galleria Continua locations, each Beijing and from 18 November at Galleria of which will host an exhibition by the Continua / Dubai.

The exhibition 60 ANS D'IDENTITÉS ET D'ALTÉRITÉS covers more than sixty years of Michelangelo Pistoletto's career with a selection of works ranging from the mid-1950s to more recent works.

Michelangelo Pistoletto 60 Ans d'Identités et d'Altérités, a project that unites works from various phases of one of the most important protagonists of the Arte Povera movement's work, illustrating the mutable nature and continuous evolution of the artist's research.

The exhibition begins out in the open with the work *Il tondo delle otto porte* in which it's possible to recognize the "Segno Arte", an element characterized by the intersection of two triangles, that would frame a human body with its arms raised and legs apart; it's a personal symbol, different from religious, political or advertising symbols, that provides the key to enter through art's door creating an intimate and shared space.

Continuing on to the ground floor, the visitor is greeted by large installations that create a bridge between the space and the general public that frequent it. Suspended Perimeter - Love Difference is an example of this: this work, composed of a series of mirrors placed in a circle, aims to reflect on the concept of humanity, sublimating the differences to be found both in individuals and social groups. Another example is Labirinto e Grande Pozzo which is capable of simultaneously provoking disorientation and will power. In the middle of the work there is a well, its bottom made of mirror that leads to a losing of the self and a consequent promise of future discoveries.

A recurrent symbol is the Terzo Paradiso; made up of a reconfiguration of the mathematic infinity symbol, it represents fundamental concept in Pistoletto's artistic practice, which is based on the fusion of the "First Paradise" (in which human beings were completely integrated into nature) with the "Second Paradise" (the artificial world developed through and technology). The dimension, depicted in the symbol of a third central circle, represents the third phase of humanity that is realized via creating a balanced connection between artifice and nature, taking the form of passage to an unprecedented stage of global civilization, indispensable for insuring the human race's survival.

Another important work in the exhibition is Porte Uffizi, an environment that is made up of a series of rooms that hold the names of the various offices of Cittadellarte, a project started by Pistoletto with the intention to inspire and produce a responsible societal change through ideas and initiatives of a creative nature. Each office is dedicated to a specific area: Art, Education, Ecology, Economy, Politics, Spirituality, Production, Work, Communication, Architecture, Fashion and Nutrition. The visitor can subsequently cross over this spatial representation of Cittadellarte's philosophy that for more than twenty years has operatively brought an artistic intervention into every part of civil society in order to contribute to shaping the deep epochal changes that actually occur.

The exhibition continues on the first floor with other works, such as the Quadri Specchianti series that depicts people, the images for which were selected by the artist after his first trip to Havana in 2014. We then find Mar Mediterraneo founded in 2002 in Biella at Cittadellarte, with the aim of creating new perspectives that transcend cultural diversity borders. Finally, it's worth mentioning the historic piece Sfera di Giornali, made in the 1960s as a physical articulation of the dynamic and evolving everyday events of the time. At the end of 1967, Pistoletto reproposed this sphere rolling it through subsequently giving it its name Scultura da passeggio.

Michelangelo Pistoletto was born in Biella in 1933. He began to exhibit his work in 1955 and in 1960 he had his first solo show at Galleria Galatea in Turin. An inquiry into self-portraiture characterizes his early work. In the two-year period 1961-1962 made the first Mirror Paintings, which directly include the viewer and real time in the work, and open up perspective, reversing the Renaissance perspective that had been closed by the twentieth- century avant-gardes. These works quickly brought Pistoletto international acclaim, leading, in the sixties, to one-man shows in important galleries and museums in Europe and the United States. The Mirror Paintings are the foundation of his subsequent artistic output and theoretical thought.

In 1965 and 1966 he produced a set of works entitled Minus Objects, considered fundamental to the birth of Arte Povera, an art movement of which Pistoletto was

an animating force and a protagonist. In 1967 he began to work outside traditional exhibition spaces, with the first instances of that "creative collaboration" he developed over the following decades by bringing together artists from different disciplines and diverse sectors of society.

In 1975-76 he presented a cycle of twelve consecutive exhibitions, Le Stanze, at the Stein Gallery in Turin. This was the first of a series of complex, year-long works called "time continents". Others are White Year (1989) and Happy Turtle (1992).

In 1978, in a show in Turin, Pistoletto defined two main directions his future would take: Division Multiplication of the Mirror and Art Takes On Religion. In the early eighties he made a series of sculptures in rigid polyurethane, translated into marble for his solo show in 1984 at Forte di Belvedere in Florence. From 1985 to 1989 he created the series of "dark" volumes called Art of Squalor. During the nineties, with Project Art and with the creation in Biella of Cittadellarte - Fondazione Pistoletto and the University of Ideas, he brought art into active relation with diverse spheres of society with the aim of inspiring and producing responsible social change.

In 2003 he won the Venice Biennale's Golden Lion for Lifelong Achievement. In 2004 the University of Turin awarded him a laurea honoris causa in Political Science. On that occasion the artist announced what has become the most recent phase of his work, Third Paradise.

In 2007, in Jerusalem, he received the

Wolf Foundation Prize in the Arts, "for his constantly inventive career as an artist, educator and activist whose restless intelligence has created prescient forms of art that contribute to fresh understanding of the world."

In 2010 he wrote the essay The Third Paradise, published in Italian, English, French and German. In 2012 he started promoting the Rebirth-day, first worldwide day of rebirth, celebrated every year on 21st December with initiatives taking place all around the world.

In 2013 the Louvre in Paris hosted his personal exhibition Michelangelo Pistoletto, année un - le paradis sur terre. In this same year he received the Praemium Imperiale for painting, in Tokyo.

In May 2015 he received a degree honoris causa from the Universidad de las Artes of Havana in Cuba. In the same year he realizes a work of big dimensions, called Rebirth, situated in the park of the Palais des Nations in Geneva, headquarters of the UN.

In 2017 the text written by Michelangelo Pistoletto Ominitheism and Demopraxy. Manifesto for a regeneration of society was published.

In 2021 the Universario, an exhibition space in which the artist presents his most recent research, was inaugurated at Cittadellarte, and in December 2022 his latest book, La formula della creazione, in which he retraces the fundamental steps and the evolution of his entire artistic career and theoretical reflection, was published.